## LIVEXchange Conference

November 2022



Practicalities, challenges and gaps in Biosecurity preparedness



# Outlook













Georgina Mills reflects on the 2001 foot-andmouth outbreak and the lessons that have been



6 This awful event had long-term impacts in all areas of livestock work

19 February 2001 is a date that will stick in many





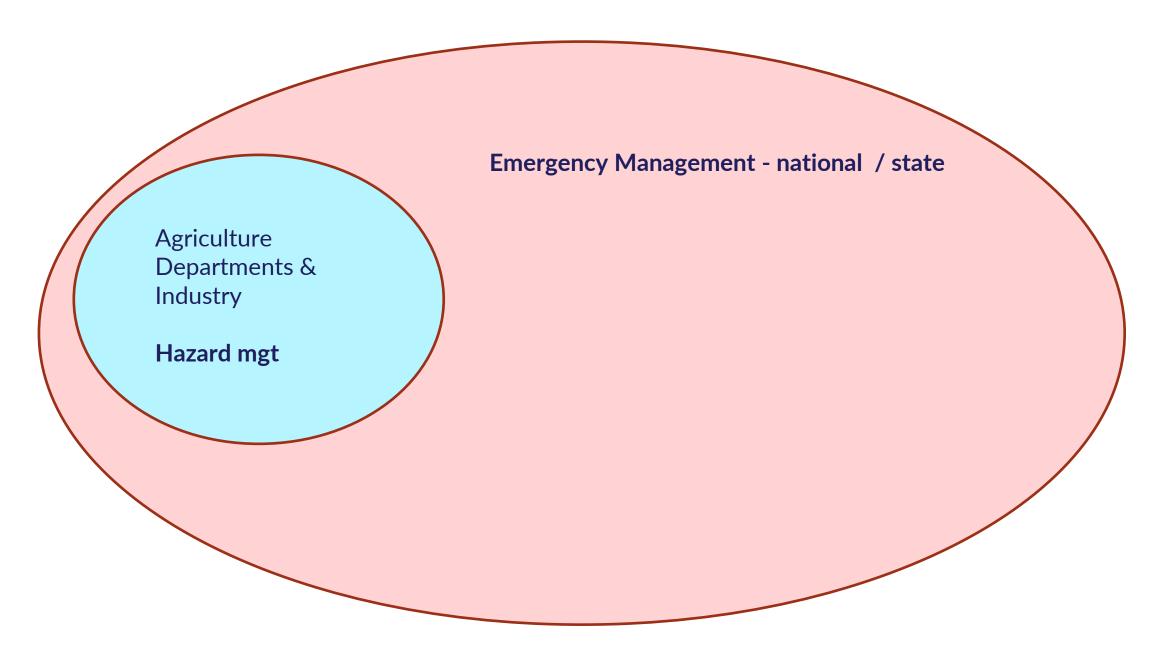


**Animal** Emergency

People emergency

Whole community emergency

## **Emergency management - EAD**



#### **AUSVETPLAN**

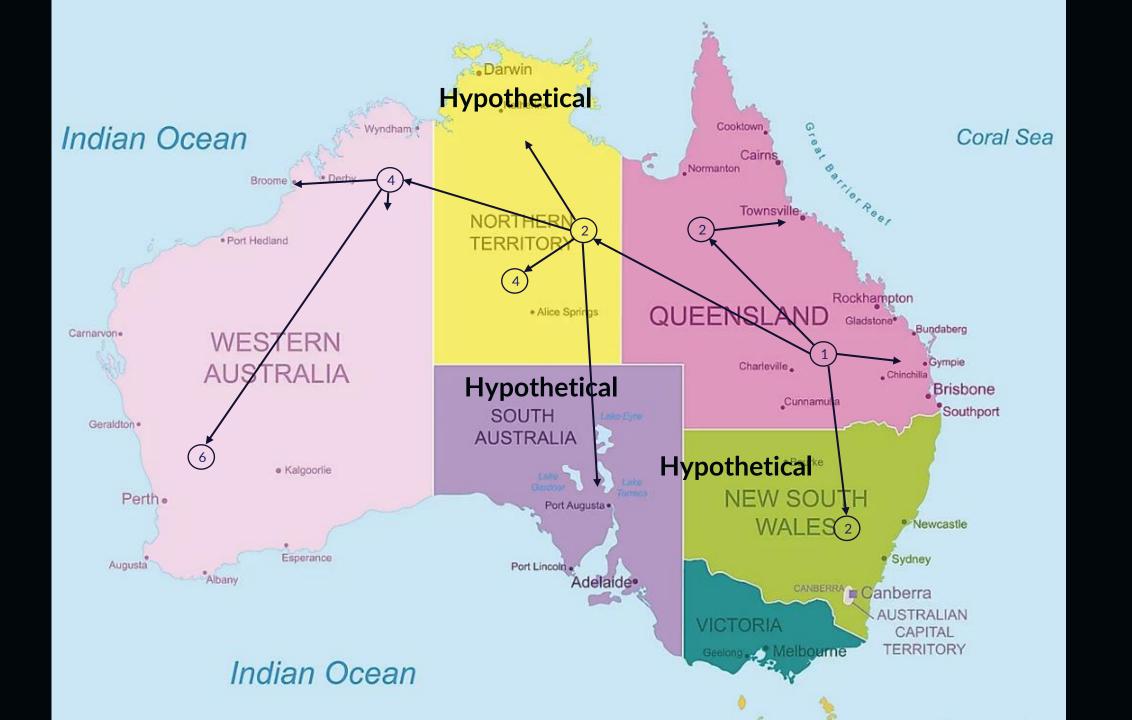
- 1. Disease strategies
- 2. Disease action plan
- 3. State / territories plan

#### STOCK STANDSTILL









### An emergency – success?

#### **Function of:**

- 1. Speed of discovery and diagnosis
- 2. Decisions time to action
- 3. Coordination national state local industry community EM
- 4. On ground response capacity (capability) industry & government
- 5. Recovery

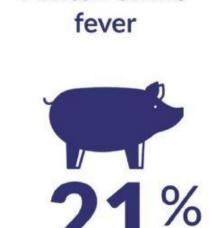


## Likelihood?



## PROBABILITY OF A SIGNIFICANT OUTBREAK ?

Difficult to prevent, detect, control and to minimise impacts



African swine

Up to \$2.03 billion economic losses over 5 years

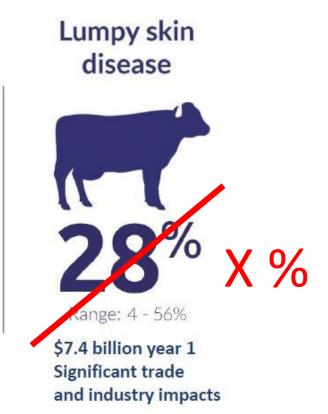
Range: 5 - 39%



Up to 95% mortality rate in horses

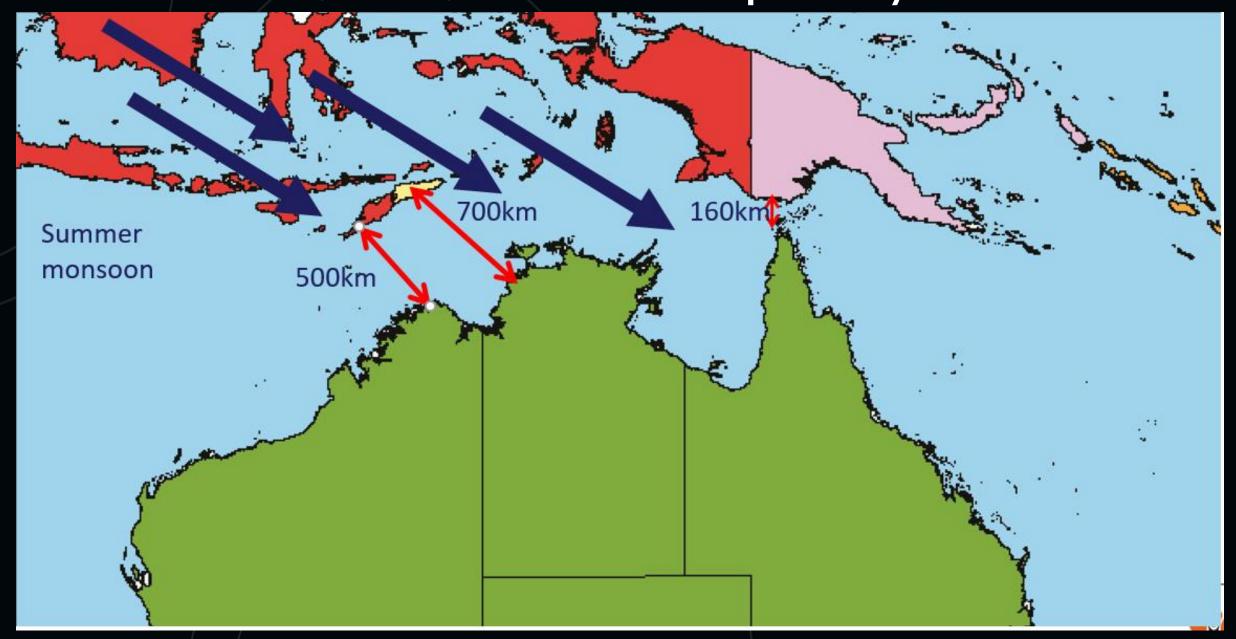


\$80 billion economic Losses over 10 years

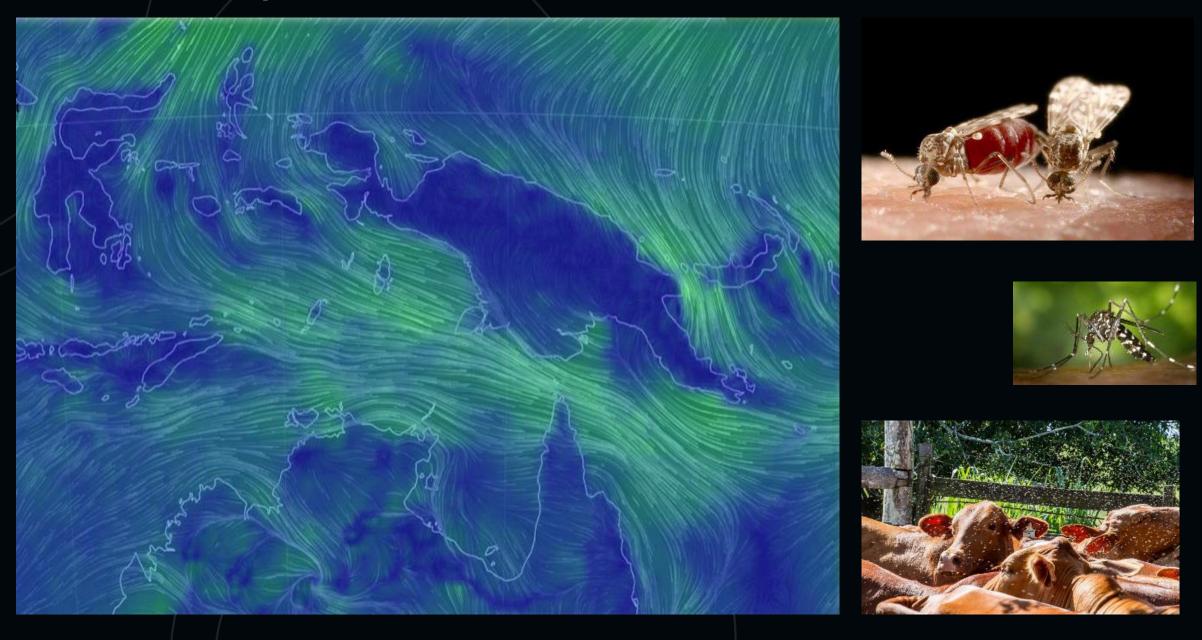


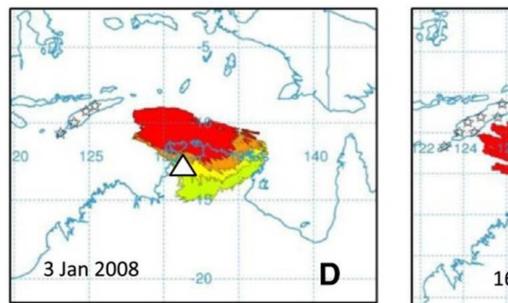
Estimates suggest that there could be a 45% probability of an internationally-notifiable incursion of any one of the above significant exotic diseases in Australia within the next 5 years

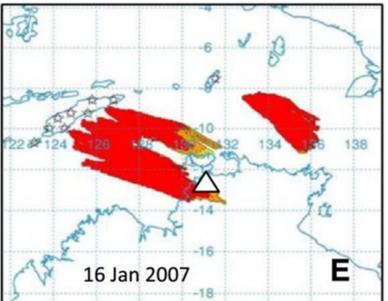
## LSD / AHS / JEV – vectors pathways

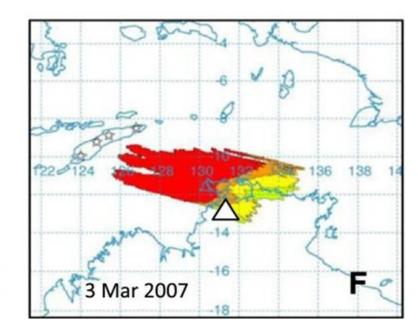


## Pathway for insects into northern Australia









#### Bluetongue virus (BTV) research (Berrimah Vet Lab & CSIRO)

- 1. New strains of BTV enter Australia through <u>long-distance aerial dispersal</u> of BTV infected Culicoides midges new incursions into Beatrice Hill (D, E, & F)
- 2. Exotic species of Culicoides midges enter Australia through long-distance aerial dispersal capable of transmitting **new strains and new diseases**

#### LSD is now in neighbouring countries.

#### **Current research underway**

- 1. Could these vectors **carry LSD** into northern Australia (as has been observed with BTV)
- 2. LSD virus was imported into ACDP (Geelong) to establish diagnostic testing capability & to understand vectors
- \*Australian entomologists in Thailand investigating the
   300 Culicoides species in the Australasian region
   (potential vectors) able to transmit and maintain LSD
- 4. Research allow us to fast-track knowledge to understand whether LSD can be **biologically transmitted** and what the true threat is to northern Australia / Australia

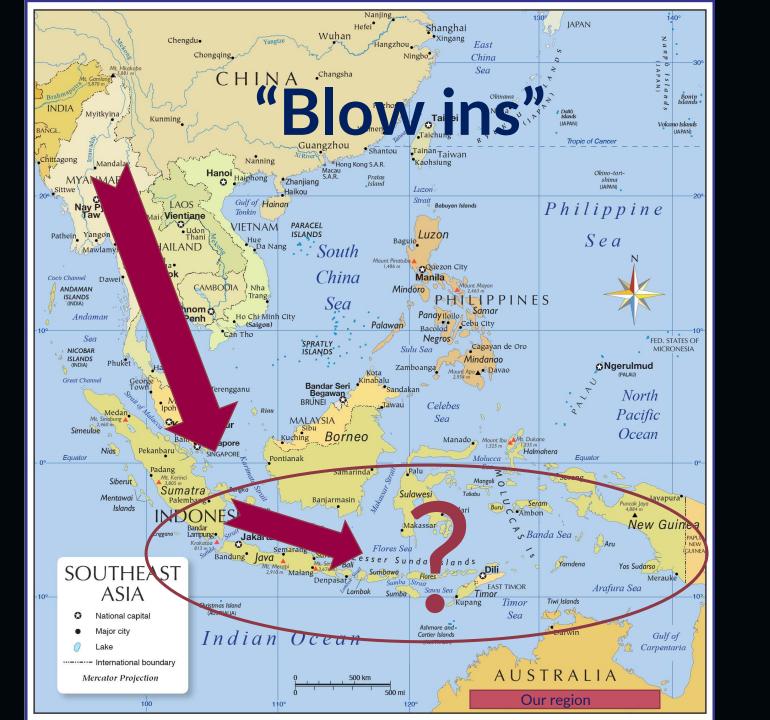


 $<sup>^</sup>st$  Dr Glenn Bellis

## Our Region

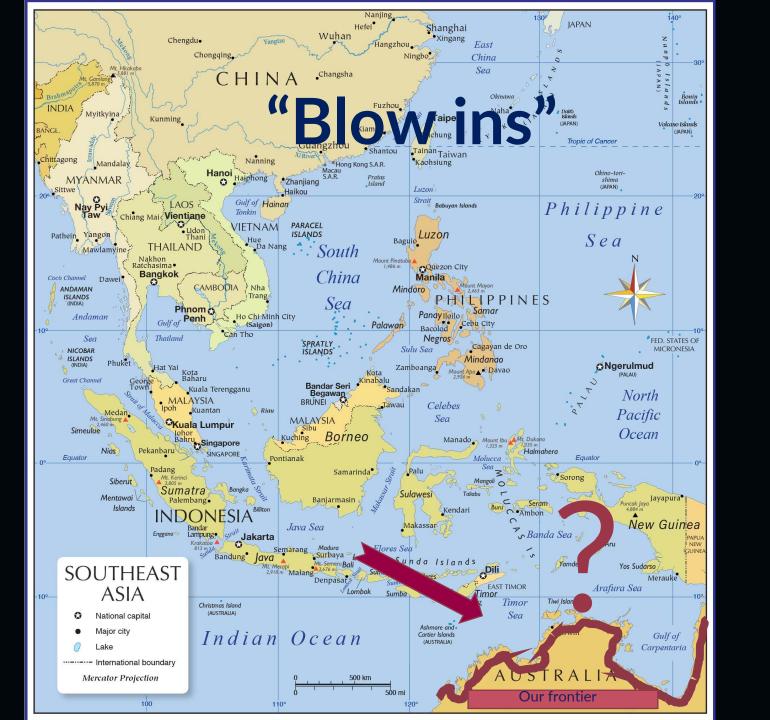










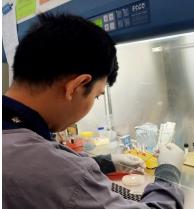




## Indonesia Northern Territory Biosecurity Program



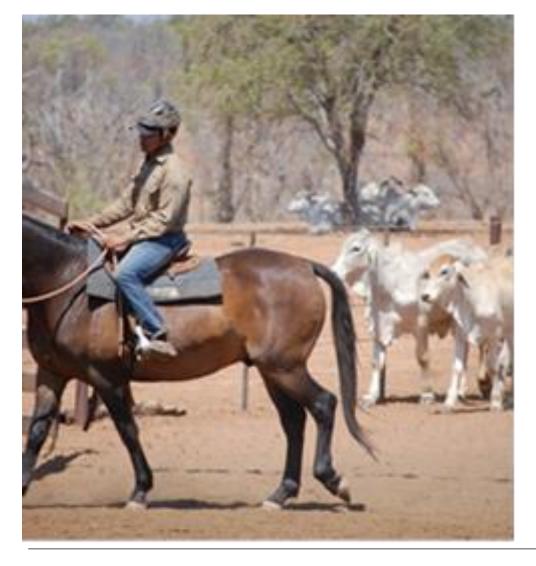








## Indonesia Northern Territory Biosecurity Program cont'd

















#### Tahukah Anda, Kapan Wabah LSD Masuk ke Indonesia?



Lumpy Skin Disease (LSD) merupakan penyakit kulit berbenjol pada hewan yang berasal dari Zambia, Afrika,

Kasus pertama yang terjadi di Indonesia dilaporkan pada Februari 2022 di Provinsi Riau, di mana gejala penyakit LSD terdeteksi pada ternak sapi.

Tercatat hingga April 2022 ditemukan total 1.181 kasus LSD yang tersebar di beberapa provinsi di pulau Sumatera seperti Riau, Aceh, Jambi, Sumatra Barat hingga Sumatra







osekuriti merupakan upaya pencegahan virus penyakit masuk ke peternakan.

Dalam penerapan biosekuriti, area peternakan dibagi menjadi 3, yaitu













Pembagian zona ini bertujuan mengatur masuknya orang dan benda ke peternakan karena keduanya merupakan perantara vang memungkinkan virus masuk ke peternakan.



Area Kotor











Penyakit Mulut dan Kuku (PMK) adalah penyakit menular yang menyerang hewan dengan kuku terbelah seperti kerbau, babi, domba, kambing, dan sapi sebagai hewan yang paling rentan terpapar virus.



Virus ini menyebar dengan sangat cepat bahkan dalam waktu 48 jam melalui kontak dekat antara hewan oleh udara dan dapat dibawa pada produk hewani.









Ketahuilah Sumber Penularan Penyakit Lumpy Skin Disease (LSD)

#BersamaSadariLSD

Kontak dengan lesi kulit.



Diekskresikan melalui darah.



Leleran hidung dan mata, air liur, semen serta susu.



Penularan juga dapat terjadi dalam rahim (intrauterine).



Penularan terjadi melalui peralatan dan perlengkapan yang terkontaminasi virus LSD seperti pakaian kandang, peralatan kandang, dan jarum suntik.



Penularan secara mekanis terjadi melalui vektor yaitu nyamuk, lalat, migas penggigit dan caplak.



Sumber: Kementerian Pertanian RI. Australia Indonesia Health Security Partnership (AIHSP)







S O GKSI



# Our People

Peace time

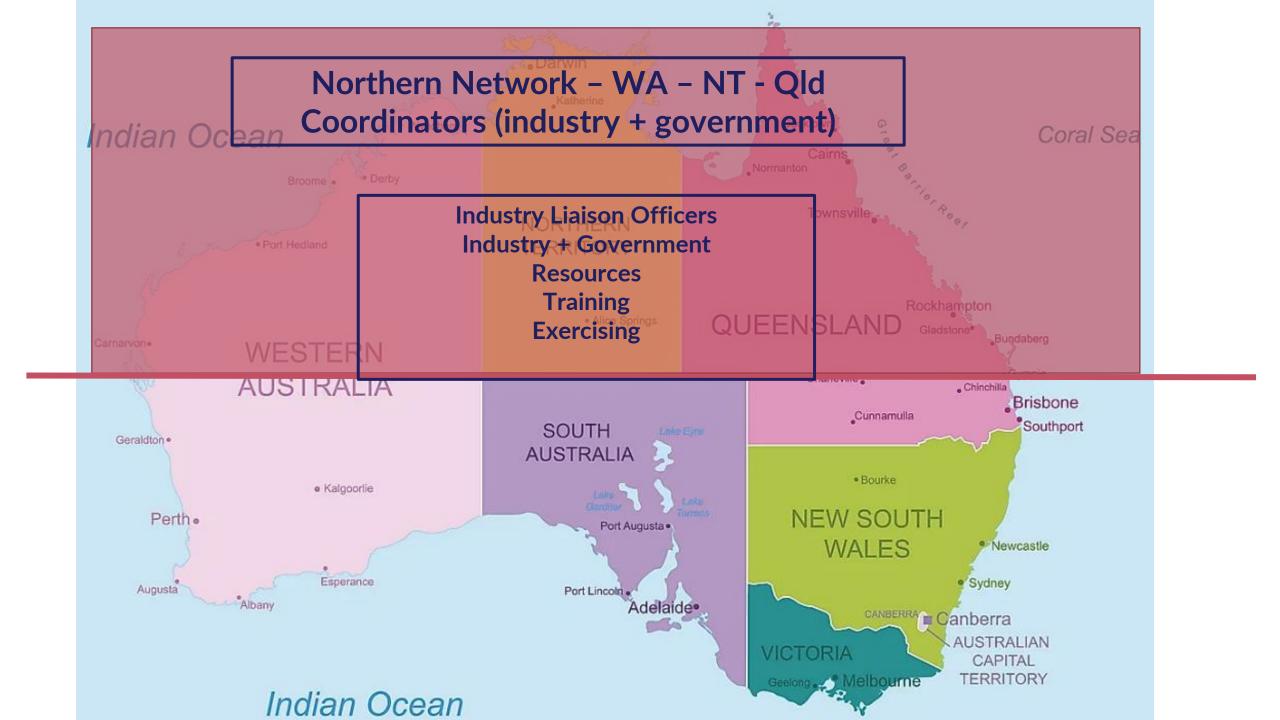
War



## People - capacity & capability - success

- 1. Low population, isolation, vast areas, logistics, equipment, critical supplies & services, feral animals, northern landscape .....
- 2. Surveillance, diagnostics, response
- 3. EM / EAD trained and connected people
- 4. Industry / government awareness and capacity
- 5. Building a Northern Network WA NT Qld





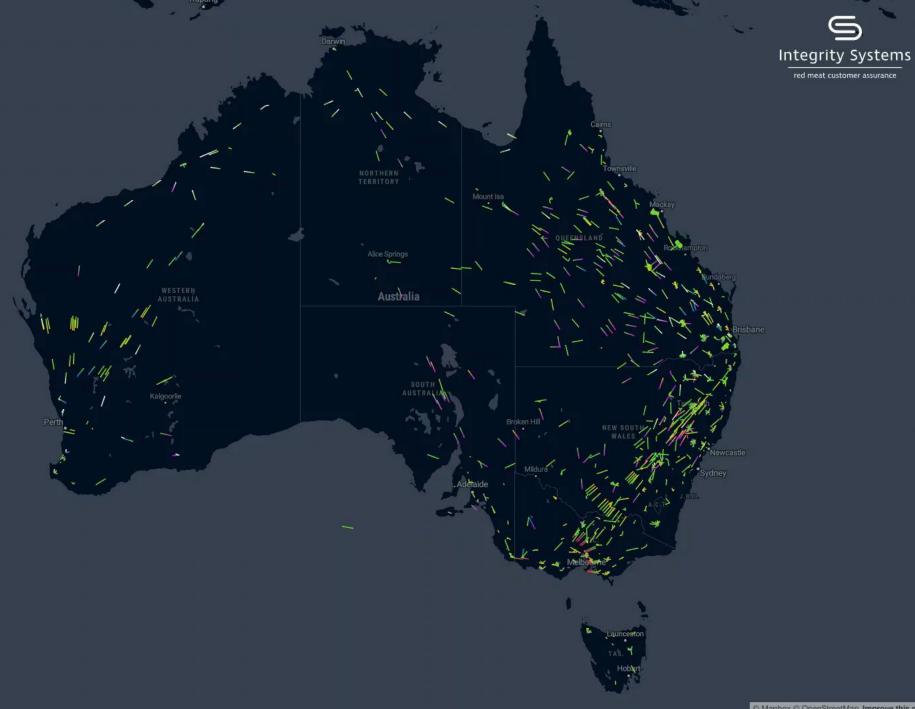
# Our Systems



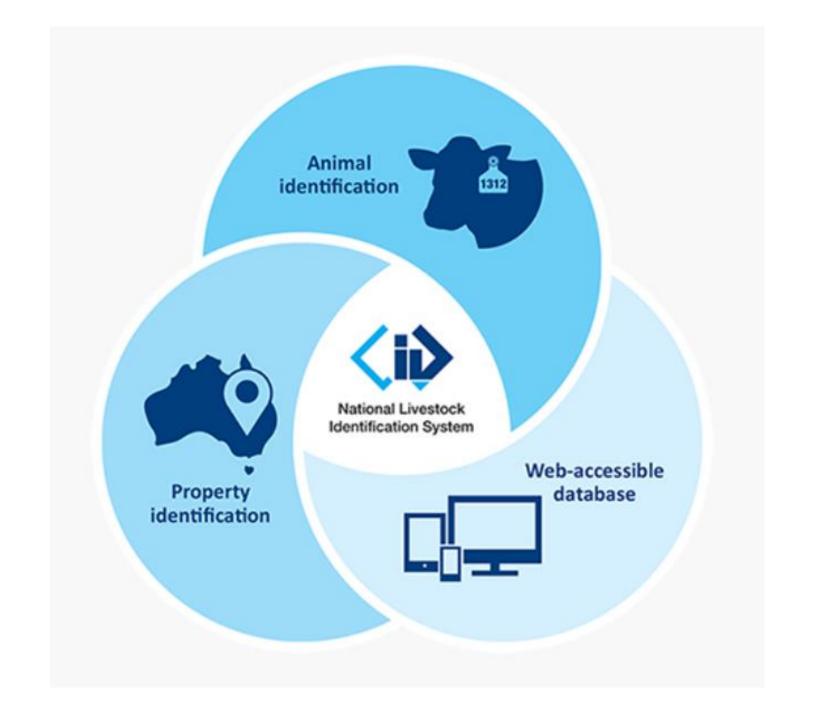








red meat customer assurance









#### Trace and track - success



- 1. EAD response relies on an effective tracing system for (all) livestock
- 2. NLIS is part of **Australia's critical infrastructure** (should be valued accordingly) foundation of market access (\$300m / week)
- 3. Effective and efficient eID saves people and time during war
- 4. System must be **nationally consistent** and apply to all FMD + species.
- 5. Must be underpinned by robust, accountable, and transparent governance and administrative arrangements and modern, fit for purpose database
- 6. Our collective future depends on it!





#### Trace and track - the opportunity

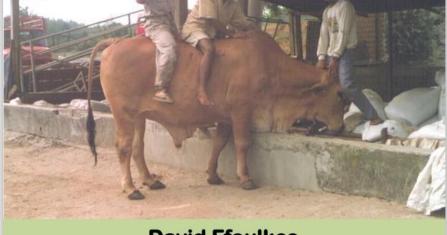


- 1. Commonwealth has committed to \$26.6 million to upgrade the NLIS
- 2. Follows an additional **\$20.1 million** allocated for special purpose payments to co-invest with states and territories to support industry traceability improvements
- 3. How do we create a **fit for purpose** traceability and integrity system that can **meet the challenges** posed by increased biosecurity threat, increasing volatility and competitiveness in our international trading environment?
- 4. Mandatory sheep and goat eID has been agreed to by governments
- 5. Don't lose sight of the opportunity for broader reform
- 6. Will this require a new governance model for Australia's integrity system?
- 7. Do we take this opportunity now?



## TROPICAL BEEF PRODUCTION AND HUSBANDRY OF AUSTRALIAN CATTLE AND BUFFALO IN SE ASIA

TECHNICAL SERVICES NOTEBOOK



**David Ffoulkes** 







#### **Advertising and Social Media**

Protect the Northern Territory cattle industry and our regional economies

Foot-and-mouth disease is in Asia



Biosecurity.nt.gov.au



**Biosecurity** Northern Territory

#### Don't bring back Foot-and-mouth disease

Foot-and-mouth disease is in Asia



Biosecurity NT biosecurity.nt.gov.au



**Biosecurity** Northern Territory



# Lumpy Skin Disease has never been detected in Australia but is spreading rapidly internationally.







Report it.



Test it.



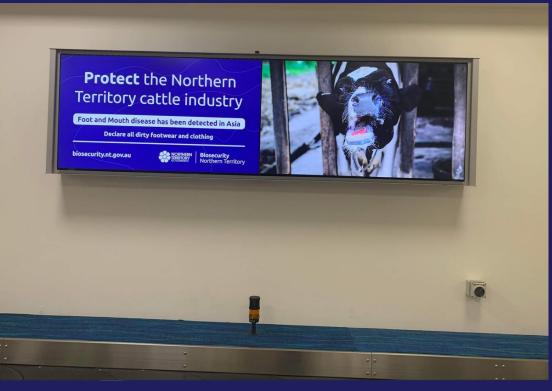






#### Airport Signage – Departure & Arrivals





Darwin Airport Check-in



Darwin Airport Baggage claim